### SECTION 1: POINTS OF CONTACT

#### PoA II.4
1. Has your country established a National Coordination Agency or other body responsible for policy guidance, research and monitoring of efforts to prevent, combat and eradicate the illicit trade in SALW in all its aspects?
   - Yes
   - **a)** Name of agency: Arms Management and Disarmament Unit
   - **b)** Address: P.O BOX 9093, DAR ES SALAAM
   - **c)** Contact details:
     - **i)** Contact person: NATIONAL FOCAL POINT COORDINATOR
     - **ii)** Telephone number(s): +255 0757 120 048;
     - **iii)** Fax number:
     - **iv)** Email: nfptanzania@gmail.com, nfptanzania@yahoo.com

#### PoA II.5, 24
2. Does your country have a National Point of Contact designated to act as a liaison on matters relating to the implementation of the UN Programme of Action on Small Arms (PoA)?
   - Yes
   - **2.1. Details:**
     - **a)** Name: NATIONAL FOCAL POINT COORDINATOR
     - **b)** Organization or agency: POLICE
     - **c)** Address:
     - **d)** Telephone number(s): +255 757 120 048; +255 784 840 101
     - **e)** Fax number:
     - **f)** Email: nfptanzania@gmail.com, nfptanzania@yahoo.com

#### ITI 25
2.2 Is the National Point of Contact identified above also responsible for exchanging information and liaising on matters relating to the International Tracing Instrument (ITI)?
   - Yes

#### GGE Report para 63(ix)
3. Is the National Point of Contact identified above in either Q. 2 or 2.3 also responsible for exchanging information and liaising on matters relating to brokering in SALW?
   - Yes

### SECTION 2: MANUFACTURE

#### PoA II.2
4. Are there any SALW manufactured in your country?
   - Yes
   - **4.1. Does your country have laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the manufacture of SALW?**
     - Yes
   - **4.1.1 List laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures regulating the manufacture of SALW in your country**
     - I. THE ARMAMENT CONTROL ACT, 1991
     - II. THE ARMS AND AMMUNITION ACT, 1991
     - III. THE ARMS AND AMMUNITION REGULATIONS
   - **4.1.2. Does your country license the manufacture of SALW?**
     - No
   - **4.1.3. Is illegal manufacture of SALW considered a criminal offence in your country?**
     - Yes

#### ITI 8a
4.2. Does your country require that SALW be marked at the time of manufacture?
   - Yes
   - **4.2.1. What information is included in the marking (check relevant boxes)?**
     - a) Name of the manufacturer
     - b) Country of manufacture
     - c) Serial number
     - d) Year of manufacture
     - e) Weapon type/model
     - f) Caliber
     - g) Other
   - **4.2.2. What part of the SALW is marked?**
     - FRAME AND BARRAREL
   - **4.2.3 Are there exceptions to the requirement to mark SALW at the time of manufacture?**
     - No

#### ITI 10a
4.2.2. What part of the SALW is marked?
   - FRAME AND BARRAREL

#### ITI 12a
4.2.3 Are there exceptions to the requirement to mark SALW at the time of manufacture?
   - No

### SOURCES

- PoA-ISS 31/01/2014
4.3.2. How long must manufacturing records be kept?

Indefinitely

4.4. During the reporting period, was action taken against groups or individuals engaged in illegal manufacturing of SALW (e.g. prosecution)?

Yes

4.4.1. Details:
prosecution to illegal manufacture of local guns.

5. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures regarding SALW manufacture?

Yes

5.1. What kind of assistance do you require?
FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO FINALIZE THE FIREARM CONTROL ACT.

5.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?

Yes

SECTION 3: INTERNATIONAL TRANSFERS

6. Does your country have laws, regulations or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the export, import, transit or retransfer of SALW?

Yes

6.1. List laws, regulations or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the export, import, transit or retransfer of SALW.
I. THE ARMAMENT CONTROL ACT, 1991
II. THE ARMS AND AMMUNITION ACT, 1991
III. THE ARMS AND AMMUNITION REGULATIONS

6.2. Does a person or an entity who transfers SALW require a licence or other form of authorisation to transfer SALW from/into your country?

Yes

6.3. Is it a criminal offence to trade SALW without a licence or authorisation, or to do so in a manner that is in contradiction to the terms of a licence or authorisation, in your country?

Yes

6.4. Name the relevant international commitments that your Government applies or considers when assessing an application for export authorisation.
NAIROBI PROTOCOL
SADC PROTOCOL

6.5. What kind of documentation does your country require prior to authorising an export of SALW to another country?

a) An end-user certificate (EUC) from the importing country

1) Detailed description (type, quantity, characteristics) of the SALW or technology
2) Contract number or order reference and date
3) Final destination country
4) Description of the end-use of the SALW
5) Exporter’s details (name, address and business name)
6) End-user information (name, position, full address and original signature)
7) Information on other parties involved in the transaction
8) Certification by the relevant government authorities of the authenticity of the end-user
9) Date of issue
10) Other

b) Other types of end-user documentation

6.6. When exporting, does your country places any restriction on re-export of SALW?

Yes

6.6.1. Details:
RE-EXPORT PERMITTED ONLY WHEN THERE IS PRIOR APPROVAL

6.7. Does your country verify or seek to authenticate EUCs or other types of end-user documentation provided?

Yes

6.7.1. Details:
HAVE PRIOR COMMUNICATION WITH SELLER

6.8. Does your country have measures in place aimed at preventing the forgery and misuse of EUCs or other types of end-user documentation?

Yes

6.8.1. Details:
WE CHECK THE DOCUMENT WITH FORENSIC BUREAU UNIT

6.9. Does your country permit the export of SALW without a licence or under simplified procedure under certain circumstances?

No
6.10. When exporting, does your country require a Delivery Verification Certificate (DVC) to confirm that SALW have reached their intended end-user or intended importer in the importing State? [Yes]

6.11. After exporting, does your country verify or seek to authenticate DVCs provided? [Yes]

6.11.1 Details
COMMUNICATION WITH THE RECEIVER

6.12. When importing, does your country grant the right to the exporting State to conduct a physical check at the point of delivery? [Yes]

Sources
Marking at import
ITI 8b

6.13. Does your country require that SALW imported into your country be marked at the time of import? [No]

Sources
Recordkeeping
PoA II.5; ITI 12

6.14. Does your country require that exporters and importers of SALW keep records of their activities? [Yes]
6.14.1 What information must be recorded (check relevant boxes)?
- a) Quantity of SALW traded [X]
- b) Type or model of SALW traded
- c) Markings appearing on transferred SALW
- d) Transactions
  - i) Identity of buyer/seller
  - ii) Country SALW are to be delivered to or purchased from
  - iii) Date of delivery
  - e) Other

6.14.2. How long must records of transfers be kept? [Indefinitely]

Sources
Actions taken during the reporting period
PoA II.6

6.15. During the reporting period, was action taken against groups or individuals engaged in transferring SALW illegally (e.g. prosecution)? [Yes]

6.15.1 Details
PROSECUTION

International assistance
PoA III.6

7. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing laws, regulations or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the export, import, transit or retransfer of SALW? [Yes]

7.1. What kind of assistance do you require?
FINANCIAL AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

7.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance? [Yes]

SECTION 4: BROKERING

Sources
Laws, regulations and administrative procedures
PoA II.14

8. Does your country have laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures governing brokering of SALW? [Yes]

8.1. List laws and/or administrative procedures regulating SALW brokering in your country.
THE CURRENT LAW DOES NOT HAVE PROVISION ON BROKERING. HOWEVER THE PROVISION FOR BROKERING HAS BEEN CAPTURED IN THE DRAFT BILL

8.1.1 Are those laws and procedures part of the national arms export control system? [Yes]

8.2. Does your country require registration of SALW brokers? [--- Select ---]

8.3. Does your country require a licence, permit or other authorisation for each brokering transaction? [Yes]

8.3.1. Are such applications for a licence, permit or other authorisation considered for approval on a case-by-case basis? [Yes]

8.3.2. Are there exceptions to the requirement to hold a licence or authorisation for a brokering transaction? [Yes]
8.3.2.1 Details (e.g. if the transaction is on behalf of the police or armed forces or other government officials)
GOVERNMENT INSTITUTIONS;

8.3.3. What are the criteria for granting a licence, permit or other authorisation? [Yes]
8.4 Does your country have measures to validate the authenticity of documentation submitted by the broker?
8.4.1 Describe those measures.

8.5 Is it a criminal offence in your country to engage in a SALW brokering transaction without a licence or authorisation, or to do so in a manner that is in contradiction to the terms of a licence or authorisation?

8.6 Does your country allow for sharing with other States such information as the disbarment of brokers and revocation of registration?

8.7 Does your country regulate activities that are closely associated with the brokering of SALW?
8.7.1 If so which of the following activities are regulated when undertaken in connection with the brokering of SALW (check relevant boxes)?

a) Acting as dealers or agents ✔
b) Providing technical assistance ✔
c) Training ✔
d) Transport ✔
e) Freight forwarding ✔
f) Storage ✔
g) Finance ✔
h) Insurance ✔
i) Maintenance ✔
j) Security ✔
k) Other services ✔

8.8 What penalties or sanctions does your country impose for illegal brokering activities?

Sources Actions taken during the reporting period

8.9 During the reporting period, was action taken against groups or individuals engaged in illegal brokering (e.g. prosecution)? No

International assistance

PoA III.6 9. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing laws, regulations or administrative procedures to regulate SALW brokering?

9.1. What kind of assistance do you require?
FINANCIAL AND TECHNICAL

9.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?

Yes

SECTION 5: STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT

Sources Laws, regulations and administrative procedures

PoA II.17 10. Does your country have standards and procedures relating to the management and security of SALW held by the armed forces, police or any other entity authorised to hold SALW?

PoA II.17 10.1. If so, which of the following provisions are included in these standards and procedures (check relevant boxes)?

a) Appropriate locations for stockpiles ✔
b) Physical security measures ✔
c) Control of access to stocks ✔
d) Inventory management and accounting control ✔
e) Staff training ✔
f) Security, accounting and control of SALW held or transported by operational units or authorised personnel ✔
g) Procedures and sanctions in the event of theft or loss ✔
h) Other ✔

Sources Surplus

PoA II.18 10.2. Are there systems in place to conduct reviews of SALW stocks held by armed forces, police and other authorised entities to identify surplus or obsolete SALW?

Yes

PoA II.18 10.3. How often/frequently are these reviews conducted?
QUARTERLY

PoA II.18 10.4. When stocks are identified as surplus, what actions does your country take with regard to the surplus
(check relevant boxes)?

a) Officially declare as surplus ❌
b) Take out of service ❌
c) Record by type, lot, batch, and serial number ❌
d) Store separately ❌
e) Other ❌

10.5. In disposing of the surplus stocks, which of the following methods may be used (check relevant boxes)?

a) Destruction ❌
b) Sale to another State ❌
c) Donation to another State ❌
d) Transfer to another state agency ❌
e) Sale to civilians ❌
f) Sale or transfer to legal entities (e.g. museums, private security companies, etc.) ❌
g) Other ❌

10.5.1. If (a) Destruction is checked for Q.10.5, which of the following methods are used (check relevant boxes)?

i) Burning or melting ❌
ii) Open-pit detonation ❌
iii) Cutting/shredding ❌
iv) Bending/crushing ❌
v) Dumping at sea ❌
vi) Burial on land ❌
vii) Other ❌

**Sources**

**Actions taken during the reporting period**

PoA II.19 10.6. During the reporting period, has your country destroyed surplus stocks?

Yes

PoA II.20 10.6.1. How many SALW were destroyed? Include details on destruction.

13,193 FIREARMS 16/02/2013 – DAR ES SALAAM----------------------13,193

PoA II.20 10.6.2 Were any of these destruction activities carried out in public?

Yes

PoA II.20 10.6.3. Any further comments regarding destruction?

PoA II.29; III.6 11. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing standards and procedures on stockpile management?

Yes

11.1. What kind of assistance do you require?

FINANCIAL AND TECHNICAL

11.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?

Yes

PoA III.6; 14 12. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing capacity for the destruction of weapons?

Yes

12.1. What kind of assistance do you require?

FINANCIAL, TECHNICAL, TRAINING AND CAPACITY BUILDING

12.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?

Yes

**Sources**

**Confiscation and seizure**

PoA II.23a 13. During the reporting period, has your country found, seized or confiscated any SALW under its jurisdiction?

Yes

PoA II.23a 13.1 How many SALW were found, seized or confiscated?

SALW 1,225 and 10,079 ammunitions

PoA II.16 13.2. What action was taken with respect to the SALW found, seize or confiscated (check relevant boxes)?

a) Stored securely pending further action ❌
b) Marked ❌
c) Registered or recorded ❌
d) Destroyed ❌
e) Other ❌

**Sources**

**Collection**
14. During the reporting period, did your country collect any SALW? **No**

16. Does your country wish to request assistance in building capacity for confiscation and seizure of the illicit SALW? **Yes**

16.1. What kind of assistance do you require? **FINANCIAL TO CONDUCT PUBLIC AWARENESS CAMPAIGN AND OPERATIONS**

16.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance? **Yes**

### SECTION 7: MARKING AND RECORD KEEPING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sources</th>
<th>Marking</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PoA II.8</td>
<td>17. Does your country enforce measures to prevent the manufacture, stockpiling, transfer and possession of any unmarked or inadequately marked SALW? <strong>Yes</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI 8d</td>
<td>17.1. Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HAS TO POSSESS A LICENSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI 8c</td>
<td>18. Does your country take measures to ensure that all SALW in the possession of government armed and security forces for their own use are duly marked? <strong>Yes</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>18.1. Describe the markings that are applied to government-held stocks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STAR THEN COUNTRY CODE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI 8e</td>
<td>18.2. When government stocks are transferred to civilians or private companies in your territory, are such stocks marked to indicate that your government transferred the stocks? <strong>Yes</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>19. Does your country encourage manufacturers of SALW to develop measures against the removal or alteration of markings? <strong>No</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Record-keeping</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PoA II.9</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>MI 12 a,b</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI 13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 8: INTERNATIONAL TRACING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sources</th>
<th>Laws, regulations and administrative procedures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PoA II.10; MI 14, 24</td>
<td>22. Does your country have procedures in place to trace SALW? <strong>Yes</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sources</th>
<th>Tracing requests</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MI 25, 31a</td>
<td>22.1. Has your country ever issued an international tracing request regarding SALW? <strong>Yes</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>22.2. Which government agency is responsible for making a tracing request to another country? <strong>INTERPOL</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
22.3. What information does the designated agency include in a tracing request? (check relevant boxes)

- Circumstances under which the SALW was found
- Reasons why the SALW is considered to be illegal or illicit
- The intended use of the information being sought
- Any markings on the SALW
- Type/calibre of SALW
- Other

22.4. When receiving information related to SALW as a result of your country's tracing request, does your country have procedures in place to ensure that all restrictions placed on its use are respected, and the confidentiality of such information is guaranteed?

Yes

22.5. Which government agency is responsible for responding to a tracing request from another country?

INTERPOL

22.6. During the reporting period, how many tracing requests did your country receive?

TWO

22.7. During the reporting period, did your country delay, restrict or refuse tracing requests?

- Delayed
- Restricted
- Refused

23. During the reporting period, has your country cooperated on the issue of tracing SALW with the International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL)?

Yes

23.1. If so, in which areas?

- Facilitation of tracing operations conducted within the framework of the ITI.
- Investigations to identify and trace illicit SALW.
- Building national capacity to initiate and respond to tracing requests.

23.2. Does your country use the INTERPOL's Firearms Tracing System (formerly known as IWeTS) for tracing SALW?

Yes

24. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing procedures to trace SALW?

Yes

24.1. What kind of assistance do you require?

FINANCIAL AND TECHNICAL

24.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?

Yes

25. Has your country considered providing assistance to examine technologies to improve the tracing and detection of illicit SALW?

No

SECTION 9: INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION & ASSISTANCE

26. During the reporting period, in addition to the assistance requested/received mentioned in the Sections 2-8 above, has your country requested / received / provided assistance to implement the PoA and ITI?

Yes

26.1. If so, in what areas (check relevant boxes)?

- Establishing/designating National Coordination Agency/National Point of Contact

  - Nature of the assistance:
    - i) financial
    - ii) technical

  - Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):

  - Description of the assistance activity:

  - Duration of the assistance provided/received:

  - State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:
b. Disarmament, demobilization and reintegration (DDR)
   a) Nature of the assistance:
      i) financial
      ii) technical

b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):

c) Description of the assistance activity:

d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:

e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:

c. Capacity-building and training on SALW issues
   a) Nature of the assistance:
      i) financial
      ii) technical

b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):

c) Description of the assistance activity:

d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:

e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:

d. Law enforcement
   a) Nature of the assistance:
      i) financial
      ii) technical

b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):

c) Description of the assistance activity:

d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:

e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:

e. Customs and borders
   a) Nature of the assistance:
      i) financial
      ii) technical

b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):

c) Description of the assistance activity:

d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:

e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:

f. Action-oriented research
   a) Nature of the assistance:
      i) financial
      ii) technical

b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):

c) Description of the assistance activity:
g. Children/youth
   a) Nature of the assistance:
      i) financial
      ii) technical
   b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
   c) Description of the assistance activity:
   d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
   e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:

h. Awareness-raising
   a) Nature of the assistance:
      i) financial
      ii) technical
   b) The amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
   c) Description of the assistance activity:
   d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
   e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:

i. Organized crime, drug trafficking and terrorism
   a) Nature of the assistance:
      i) financial
      ii) technical
   b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
   c) Description of the assistance activity:
   d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
   e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:

j Other
   a) Nature of the assistance:
      i) financial
      ii) technical
   b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
   c) Description of the assistance activity:
   d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
   e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:

Any further comments on PoA and ITI, including implementation challenges and opportunities?
Additional information may be uploaded/attached, if necessary:
27. In the 2012 Review Conference Outcome document on the International Instrument to Enable States to Trace, in a Timely and Reliable Manner, Illicit Small Arms and Light Weapons (International Tracing Instrument), States undertook to “provide further information in their national reports, and to request the Secretary-General to submit an initial report, drawing on views of States, on experiences on the following issues, for their consideration at relevant future meetings decided upon at this Conference” (A/CONF.192/2012/RC/4, Annex II, B, 3(g)):

a) The implications of recent developments in small arms and light weapons manufacturing, technology and design for effective marking, record-keeping and tracing;
   we are not manufacturing weapons we are using engraving machines for marking firearms. Record keeping and tracing of SALW are also done.

b) Practical steps to ensure the continued and enhanced effectiveness of national marking, record-keeping and tracing systems in the light of such developments;
   Procure marking machines to ensure marking of all firearms owned by state and civilians Computerize all marked firearms for easy tracing Tracing through the firearms database.

c) Relevant practices in relation to international assistance and capacity-building, including ways to support the transfer, uptake and effective utilization of relevant tools and technologies.
   Attending training on SALW for capacity building, Organizing meetings, workshops and public awareness campaigns regarding SALW and its impact. Effective utilization of marking machines and cars provided for marking.

Additional information may be uploaded/attached, if necessary:

28. Pursuant to paragraph 31 of the International Tracing Instrument, States will provide the Secretary-General with the following information, updating it when necessary:

a) National marking practices related to marking used to indicate country of manufacture and/or country of import as applicable.
   In marking of civilian firearms we include the licence number of the firearm and country code, and for the state owned firearms we include country code, serial number and the unique number/mark provided according to the relevant institution.

Additional information such as images and illustrations may be uploaded/attached, if necessary:

Note: Relevant information might have been provided in questions 4.2.1, 4.2.2 and 18.1 in this report.