**SECTION 1: POINTS OF CONTACT**

1. **Has your country established a National Coordination Agency or other body responsible for policy guidance, research and monitoring of efforts to prevent, combat and eradicate the illicit trade in SALW in all its aspects?**
   - **Yes**
   - **Name of agency:** Commission nationale de lutte contre la Prolifération et la circulation illicite des Armes Légères et de Petit Calibre (ComNat-ALPC CIV)
   - **Address:** 28 BP 1489 Abidjan 28, Deux plateaux Rue L70, 7eme tranche
   - **Contact details:**
     - **Contact person:** Désiré Bénoît ADJOUSOU, Contrôleur Général de Police, Président; Anzian KOUADJA, Secrétaire Exécutif Adjoint
     - **Telephone number(s):** +225 22 52 91 91
     - **Fax number:** +225 22 52 91 93
     - **Email:** dgadjoussou@yahoo.fr; anzian.kouadja@gmail.com

2. **Does your country have a National Point of Contact designated to act as a liaison on matters relating to the implementation of the UN Programme of Action on Small Arms (PoA)?**
   - **Yes**
   - **Details:**
     - **Name:** Désiré Bénoît ADJOUSOU, Contrôleur Général de Police, Président; Anzian KOUADJA, Secrétaire Exécutif Adjoint
     - **Organization or agency:** Commission nationale de lutte contre la Prolifération et la circulation illicite des Armes Légères et de Petit Calibre (ComNat-ALPC CIV)
     - **Address:** 28 BP 1489 Abidjan 28, Deux plateaux Rue L70, 7eme tranche
     - **Telephone number(s):** +225 22 52 91 91
     - **Fax number:** +225 22 52 91 93
     - **Email:** dgadjoussou@yahoo.fr; anzian.kouadja@gmail.com
   - **ITI 25**
   - **Is the National Point of Contact identified above also responsible for exchanging information and liaising on matters relating to the International Tracing Instrument (ITI)?**
     - **Yes**

3. **Is the National Point of Contact identified above in either Q. 2 or 2.3 also responsible for exchanging information and liaising on matters relating to brokering in SALW?**
   - **Yes**

**SECTION 2: MANUFACTURE**

4. **Are there any SALW manufactured in your country?**
   - **No**

**SECTION 3: INTERNATIONAL TRANSFERS**

5. **Does your country wish to request assistance in developing laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures regarding SALW manufacture?**
   - **Yes**
   - **5.1 What kind of assistance do you require?**
     - Renforcement des capacités techniques, identification des fabricants traditionnels qui travaillent dans la clandestinité
   - **5.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?**
     - **Yes**

6. **Does your country have laws, regulations or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the export, import, transit or retransfer of SALW?**
   - **Yes**
6.1. List laws, regulations or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the export, import, transit or retransfer of SALW.

6.2. Does a person or an entity who transfers SALW require a licence or other form of authorisation to transfer SALW from/into your country?
Yes ▼

6.3. Is it a criminal offence to trade SALW without a licence or authorisation, or to do so in a manner that is in contradiction to the terms of a licence or authorisation, in your country?
Yes ▼

6.4. Name the relevant international commitments that your Government applies or considers when assessing an application for export authorisation.

6.5. What kind of documentation does your country require prior to authorising an export of SALW to another country?

a) An end-user certificate (EUC) from the importing country
b) Other types of end-user documentation
Nous sommes sous embargo

6.6. When exporting, does your country place any restriction on re-export of SALW?

If so, what are the restrictions placed on re-export?

a) Re-export permitted only when there is prior notification
b) Re-export permitted only when there is prior approval

6.7. Does your country verify or seek to authenticate EUCs or other types of end-user documentation provided?
Yes ▼

6.8. Does your country have measures in place aimed at preventing the forgery and misuse of EUCs or other types of end-user documentation?

6.8.1 Details:
No applicable

6.9. Does your country permit the export of SALW without a licence or under simplified procedure under certain circumstances?
No ▼

6.10. When exporting, does your country require a Delivery Verification Certificate (DVC) to confirm that SALW have reached their intended end-user or intended importer in the importing State?

6.11. After exporting, does your country verify or seek to authenticate DVCs provided?

6.12. When importing, does your country grant the right to the exporting State to conduct a physical check at the point of delivery?

6.13. Does your country require that SALW imported into your country be marked at the time of import?

6.13.1. Who is required to mark the SALW?
ComNat-ALPC CIV ou le producteur

6.13.2. What information is included in the marking on import (check relevant boxes)?

a) Country of import ✔

b) Year of import ✔

c) Other ✔

6.13.3. Are there exceptions to the requirement to mark imported SALW?
No ▼

6.13.4. If marked SALW imported into your country do not bear a unique marking when they arrive, does your country require that they be given such a marking?

6.13.4.1 Details:
Le marquage se fait sur place selon la codification arrêtée par la CEDEAO

No ▼

6.14. Does your country require that exporters and importers of SALW keep records of their activities?

6.14.1. What information must be recorded (check relevant boxes)?

Yes ▼
a) Quantity of SALW traded
b) Type or model of SALW traded
c) Markings appearing on transferred SALW
d) Transactions
   i) Identity of buyer/seller
   ii) Country SALW are to be delivered to or purchased from
   iii) Date of delivery
   e) Other certificat d’exemption

6.14.2. How long must records of transfers be kept?

20 years

6.15. During the reporting period, was action taken against groups or individuals engaged in transferring SALW illegally (e.g. prosecution)?

--- Select ---

7. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing laws, regulations or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the export, import, transit or retransfer of SALW?

Yes

7.1. What kind of assistance do you require?

Sensibilisation des populations

7.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?

Yes

SECTION 4: BROKERING

8. Does your country have laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures governing brokering of SALW?

No

9. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing laws, regulations or administrative procedures to regulate SALW brokering?

Yes

9.1. What kind of assistance do you require?

Renforcement des capacités, appui à l’identification des courtiers, logiciel de gestion des courtiers

9.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?

Yes

SECTION 5: STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT

10. Does your country have standards and procedures relating to the management and security of SALW held by the armed forces, police or any other entity authorised to hold SALW?

Yes

10.1. If so, which of the following provisions are included in these standards and procedures (check relevant boxes)?

   a) Appropriate locations for stockpiles
   b) Physical security measures
   c) Control of access to stocks
   d) Inventory management and accounting control
   e) Staff training
f) Security, accounting and control of SALW held or transported by operational units or authorised personnel  
g) Procedures and sanctions in the event of theft or loss  
h) Other

La Côte d'Ivoire a adopté des standards internationaux pour la réhabilitation des sites de stockage d'armes et munitions. Les sites de stockage des armes et munitions sont en cours de réhabilitation conformément aux standards. Un manuel de gestion des stocks est en cours de rédaction. Des r

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**Sources** | **Surplus**
---|---
PoA II.18 | 10.2. Are there systems in place to conduct reviews of SALW stocks held by armed forces, police and other authorised entities to identify surplus or obsolete SALW?  
Yes

PoA II.18 | 10.3. How often/frequently are these reviews conducted?  
Des inspections des sites de stockage des armes et munitions sont réalisées.

PoA II.18 | 10.4. When stocks are identified as surplus, what actions does your country take with regard to the surplus (check relevant boxes)?  
a) Officially declare as surplus  
b) Take out of service  
c) Record by type, lot, batch, and serial number  
d) Store separately  
e) Other

PoA II.18 | 10.5. In disposing of the surplus stocks, which of the following methods may be used (check relevant boxes)?  
a) Destruction  
b) Sale to another State  
c) Donation to another State  
d) Transfer to another state agency  
e) Sale to civilians  
f) Sale or transfer to legal entities (e.g. museums, private security companies, etc.)  
g) Other

10.5.1. If (a) Destruction is checked for Q.10.5, which of the following methods are used (check relevant boxes)?  
i) Burning or melting  
j) Open-pit detonation  
k) Cutting/shredding  
l) Bending/crushing  
m) Dumping at sea  
n) Burial on land  
o) Other

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**Sources** | **Actions taken during the reporting period**
---|---
PoA II.19 | 10.6. During the reporting period, has your country destroyed surplus stocks?  
Yes

PoA II.20 | 10.6.1. How many SALW were destroyed? Include details on destruction.  
Ce sont des armes obsolètes et non marquées. Elles sont détruites par découpe.

PoA II.20 | 10.6.2 Were any of these destruction activities carried out in public?  
Yes

PoA II.20 | 10.6.3. Any further comments regarding destruction?  
Deux (2) machines de découpe des armes ont été acquises.

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**International assistance**

PoA II.29; III.6 | 11. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing standards and procedures on stockpile management?  
Yes
11.1. What kind of assistance do you require?
Renforcement des capacités techniques et acquisition de 3 machines supplémentaires de destruction des armes

11.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?

Yes ▼

PoA III.6; 14

12. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing capacity for the destruction of weapons?

Yes ▼

12.1. What kind of assistance do you require?
acquisition de 3 machines supplémentaires de destruction des armes.

12.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?

Yes ▼

SECTION 6: CONFISCATION, SEIZURE & COLLECTION

Sources Confiscation and seizure

PoA II.23 a

13. During the reporting period, has your country found, seized or confiscated any SALW under its jurisdiction?

Yes ▼

PoA II.23a

13.1 How many SALW were found, seized or confiscated?
Il n'y a pas de statistiques exactes et complètes sur le nombre d'armes saisies. Nous sommes en train de mettre en place une base de données centralisées pour palier cette insuffisance

PoA II.16

13.2. What action was taken with respect to the SALW found, seize or confiscated (check relevant boxes)?

a) Stored securely pending further action ✔

b) Marked 

b) Registered or recorded ✔

d) Destroyed 

e) Other 

Sources Collection

14. During the reporting period, did your country collect any SALW?

Yes ▼

PoA II.21

14.1. What was the nature of the collection exercise?

a) Buyback programme for civilian-held SALW 

b) Weapons amnesty for civilian-held SALW 

c) Disarmament, Demobilization & Reintegration (DDR) ✔

d) Weapons for Development (WFD) programme ✔

14.2. How many SALW were collected?
6708 grenades et 450 000 munitions.

14.3. What action was taken with respect to the SALW collected (check relevant boxes)?

a) Stored securely pending further action ✔

b) Marked ✔

c) Registered or recorded ✔

d) Destroyed ✔

e) Other 

PoA II.23a

15. How many of the SALW found, seized, confiscated or collected, as reported in Questions 13.1 and 14.2 were destroyed?

Yes ▼

PoA III.6

16. Does your country wish to request assistance in building capacity for confiscation and seizure of the illicit SALW?

Yes ▼

16.1. What kind of assistance do you require?
- Appui au processus DDR - Appui aux programmes de sécurité communautaires - Appui au programme d'accompagnement au dépôt volontaire des armes - Appui au programme de renforcement de la sécurité et du contrôle des armes aux frontières

16.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?
SECTION 7: MARKING AND RECORD KEEPING

17. Does your country enforce measures to prevent the manufacture, stockpiling, transfer and possession of any unmarked or inadequately marked SALW?

Yes

17.1. Details
La Côte d'Ivoire met en application les prescriptions prévues en la matière par la convention de la CEDEAO sur les ALPC. Ainsi, toutes les armes non marquées sont sécurisées et détruites.

18. Does your country take measures to ensure that all SALW in the possession of government armed and security forces for their own use are duly marked?

Yes

18.1. Describe the markings that are applied to government-held stocks.
Le marquage des armes a démarré depuis 2012 avec la police et s'est poursuivi en 2013 par le marquage des armes de la Gendarmerie et des Forces armées (FRCI). Ce processus de marquage a démarré après adoption d'une codification et d'un plan de marquage en 2012. Conformément à l'article 18 de la Convention de la CEDEAO sur les ALPC et le renforcement des capacités matériels et techniques notamment: Acquisition de 4 kits de marquage des armes (machine + ordinateur + générateur); Formation de 20 agents (Police : 06, Gendarmerie : 06, FRCI : 06, Douanes : 01, Eaux et Forêts : 01) sur le marquage; Acquisition de 3 serveurs pour l'enregistrement des armes marquées.

18.2. When government stocks are transferred to civilians or private companies in your territory, are such stocks marked to indicate that your government transferred the stocks?
No

19. Does your country encourage manufacturers of SALW to develop measures against the removal or alteration of markings?
--- Select ---

SECTION 8: INTERNATIONAL TRACING

20. Does your country have standards and procedures related to keeping of records for all marked SALW in its territory?

Yes

20.1. What records relating to SALW are kept by the State (e.g. manufacturing, brokering, import and export licences granted, sales to other States, SALW held by State agencies such as the armed forces etc)?
- Elaboration de manuels de procédures d'enregistrement et de gestion des stocks d'armes et munitions des différentes forces.
- Elaboration de standards suivant les normes internationales pour la réhabilitation des armureries et des soutes.
- Mise en place d'un programme d'informatisation de la gestion des stocks d'armes par: • L'établissement et l'édition de 680 registres pour l'enregistrement et la gestion optimum des armes et munitions; • L'acquisition et l'installation de serveurs et de logiciel de gestion des armes à Direction Générale de la Police et au Commandement supérieur de la Gendarmerie. Chaque corps aura une base de données centrale qui sera connectée aux différents services centraux. L'interconnexion de la Police et de la Gendarmerie ont démarré en 2013.

20.2. How long does the government keep such records?
N/A pour l'instant

20.3. In the event that they go out of business, are companies engaged in SALW activities (e.g. manufacturing, importing, exporting etc) required to submit all records held by them to the government?
--- Select ---

SECTION 8: INTERNATIONAL TRACING

21. Does your country wish to request assistance in building capacity for record-keeping?

Yes

21.1. What kind of assistance do you require?
- Appui au Développement des modules de formation sur les ALPC, le marquage, le tracage et la gestion des stocks pour les écoles militaires et para militaires; - Appui au programme d'informatisation de la gestion des stocks d'armes (Mise en place de bases de données, interconnexion des différents services, gestion quotidienne des mouvements d'armes et munitions etc.) - Appui à la réalisation d'une étude sur la fabrication artisanale des armes

21.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?
Yes

SECTION 8: INTERNATIONAL TRACING

22. Does your country have procedures in place to trace SALW?

No

23. During the reporting period, has your country cooperated on the issue of tracing SALW with the International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL)?

Yes
23.1 If so, in which areas?
   a) Facilitation of tracing operations conducted within the framework of the ITI.
   b) Investigations to identify and trace illicit SALW.
   c) Building national capacity to initiate and respond to tracing requests.

23.2. Does your country use the INTERPOL’s Firearms Tracing System (formerly known as IWeTS) for tracing SALW? [Yes]

24. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing procedures to trace SALW? [Yes]

24.1. What kind of assistance do you require?
   - Renforcement des capacités techniques (formation des agences chargées de l’application de la loi); - Installation des outils d’Interpol (I-arms et I-24/7) aux frontières.

24.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance? [Yes]

25. Has your country considered providing assistance to examine technologies to improve the tracing and detection of illicit SALW? [--- Select ---]

SECTION 9: INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION & ASSISTANCE

26. During the reporting period, in addition to the assistance requested/received mentioned in the Sections 2-8 above, has your country requested / received / provided assistance to implement the PoA and ITI? [Yes]

26.1 If so, in what areas (check relevant boxes)?
   a. Establishing/designating National Coordination Agency/National Point of Contact [--- Select ---]
   b. Disarmament, demobilization and reintegration (DDR) [--- Select ---]
   c. Capacity-building and training on SALW issues [--- Select ---]
   d. Law enforcement [Received]
      - Nature of the assistance:
        i) financial [Received]
        ii) technical [--- Select ---]
      - Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
        5200 $ US
      - Description of the assistance activity:
        Sensibilisation des membres du gouvernement et des députés en vue de la ratification de la Convention de la CEDEAO sur les ALPC et le Traité sur le Commerce des armes
      - Duration of the assistance provided/received:
        6 mois
      - State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:
        CEDEAO (ECOWAS)
   e. Customs and borders [Received]
      - Nature of the assistance:
        i) financial [Received]
        ii) technical [--- Select ---]
      - Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
        24 800 $ US
      - Description of the assistance activity:
        - Acquisition de matériel de détection de métaux ; - Organisation d’une rencontre de coordination et d’échanges entre les agences en charge de l’application de la loi aux frontières ; - Installation de comités villageois de sécurité communautaire et appui aux actions de sensibilisation communautaire.
      - Duration of the assistance provided/received:
        6 mois
      - State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:
CEDEAO (ECOWAS)

f. Action-oriented research

--- Select ---

g. Children/youth

--- Select ---

h. Awareness-raising

--- Select ---

i. Organized crime, drug trafficking and terrorism

--- Select ---

Any Other

--- Select ---

Any further comments on PoA and ITI, including implementation challenges and opportunities?

Additional information may be uploaded/attached, if necessary:

SECTION 10: VIEWS AND INFORMATION TO BE SUBMITTED

27. In the 2012 Review Conference Outcome document on the International Instrument to Enable States to Trace, in a Timely and Reliable Manner, Illicit Small Arms and Light Weapons (International Tracing Instrument), States undertook to “provide further information in their national reports, and to request the Secretary-General to submit an initial report, drawing on views of States, on experiences on the following issues, for their consideration at relevant future meetings decided upon at this Conference” (A/CONF.192/2012/RC/4, Annex II, B. 3(g)):

a) The implications of recent developments in small arms and light weapons manufacturing, technology and design for effective marking, record-keeping and tracing;

b) Practical steps to ensure the continued and enhanced effectiveness of national marking, record-keeping and tracing systems in the light of such developments;

Marquage des armes des différentes forces ; Enregistrement systématique des armes marquées ; Mise en place de bases de données informatisées des armes marquées à la Police, à la Gendarmerie et au niveau des Forces Républicaines de Côte d’Ivoire ; Acquisition d’un kit supplémentaire de marquage des armes (machine +ordinateur +générateur) ; Élaboration de manuel de procédures d’enregistrement et de gestion des stocks d’armes et munitions des différentes forces ; Formation de 120 armuriers et artificiers sur la gestion des stocks d’armes, le marquage et le traçage ; Renforcement des capacités techniques des agences chargées de l'application de la loi au niveau des frontières sur les techniques de traçage ; Renforcement de la coopération avec Interpol dans le renforcement des capacités des Forces en charge de l'application de la loi.

c) Relevant practices in relation to international assistance and capacity-building, including ways to support the transfer, uptake and effective utilization of relevant tools and technologies.

Additional information may be uploaded/attached, if necessary:

28. Pursuant to paragraph 31 of the International Tracing Instrument, States will provide the Secretary-General with the following information, updating it when necessary:

a) National marking practices related to marking used to indicate country of manufacture and/or country of import as applicable.

Additional information such as images and illustrations may be uploaded/attached, if necessary:

Note: Relevant information might have been provided in questions 4.2.1, 4.2.2 and 18.1 in this report.